Autograph Letter of Cotton Mather, on Witchcraft, presented to the Literary and Historical Society, by the Honorable Chief Justice Sewell.

17th 6m, 1692.

Sr,

You would know whether I still retain my opinion about y' horrible Witchcrafts among us, and I acknowledge that I do.

I do still Think That when there is no further Evidence against a person but only This, That a Spectre in their Shape does afflict a neighbour, that Evidence is not enough to convict y' —— of Witchcraft.

That the Divels have a natural power went makes them capable of exhibiting what shape they please I suppose no body doubts, and I have no absolute promise of God that they shall not exhibit mine.

It is the opinion generally of all protestant writers that y' Divel may thus abuse y' innocent, yea, tis y' confession of some popish ones. And o' Honorable Judges are so eminent for their Justice, Wisdom, & Goodness that whatever their own particular sense may bee, yett they will not proceed capitally against any, upon a principle contested

with great odds on y' other side in y' Learned and Godly world.

Nevertheless, a very great use is to bee made of y's spectral impressions upon y's sufferers. They Justly Introduce, and Determine, an Enquiry into y's circumstances of y's person accused; and they strengthen other presumptions.

When so much use is made of those Things, I believe ye use for web ye Great God intends ye is made. And accordingly you see that ye Eccellent Judges have had such an Encouraging presence of God with them, as that scarce any, if at all any, have been Tried before them, against whom God has not strangely sent in other, & more Humane & most convincing Testimonies.

If any persons have been condemned, about whom any of younges, are not easy in their minds, that younges against them, has been satisfactory, it would certainly bee for youngery of the whole Transaction to give that person a Reprieve.

It would make all matters easier if at least Bail were taken for people Accused only by y' invisible tormentors of y' poor sufferers and not Blemished by any further Grounds of suspicion against them.

The odd Effects produced upon the sufferers by y' look or touch of the accused are things wherein y' Divels may as much Impose upon some Harmless people as by the Representacon of their shapes.

My notion of these matters is this. A Suspected and unlawfull com'union with a Familiar Spirit, is the Thing enquired after. The communion on the *Divels* part may bee proved, while, for ought I can say, The man may bee Innocent; the Divel may impudently Impose his com'union upon some that care not for his company. But if the